

High-grade intercepts and new targets support increasing Bullabulling drill program from 80,000m to 110,000m

New assays include 10.2m @ 18.5g/t Au, including 2.8m @ 63.7g/t Au and 0.2m @ 629g/t Au, and 19m @ 4.7g/t Au, including 1m @ 75.4g/t Au

Highlights

Minerals 260 Limited (ASX:MI6) is pleased to advise that further results from its drilling program at the Bullabulling Gold Project, located 25km west of Coolgardie in Western Australia, have continued to strongly support the potential to expand the current 2.3Moz Mineral Resource Estimate (MRE).

Assays have been received for a further 112 drill holes totalling 23,424m, including:

Bacchus Deposit (current resource 22Mt @ 1.3g/t Au for 890koz Au)

Infill

- **10.2m @ 18.5g/t Au from 236.2m in BBDD0021[#], including:**
 - 2.8m @ 63.7g/t Au from 241.8m
 - 0.2m @ 629g/t Au from 244.1m (visible gold)
- **15m @ 4.5g/t Au from 127.8m in BBDD0015^{*}, including:**
 - 3.9m @ 14.5g/t Au from 135m
- **19m @ 4.7g/t Au from 144m in BBRC0146[#], including:**
 - 1m @ 75.4g/t Au from 147m
- **16m @ 1.2g/t Au from 220m in BBRC0163^{*}**
- **6m @ 2.2g/t Au from 0m, 11m @ 2.5 g/t Au from 149m and 5m @ 5.0 g/t Au from 247m in BBRC0220^{*}, including:**
 - 1m @ 9.6g/t Au from 2m,
 - 1m @ 16.2g/t Au from 156m
 - 1m @ 21.6g/t Au from 250m
- **29m @ 1.5 g/t Au from 204m in BBRC0232[#]**

Extensional

- **11m @ 1.3g/t Au from 287m in BBRC0228^{*}**
- **2m @ 5.2g/t Au from 412m in BBRC0227^{*}**
- **2m @ 6.5g/t Au from 370m in BBRC0223^{*}**

* True widths of mineralisation are estimated at between 85% and 95% of the reported drillhole intercepts

True widths of mineralisation are estimated at between 70% and 85% of the reported drillhole intercepts

Phoenix Deposit (current resource 27Mt @ 1.1g/t Au for 930koz Au)

Infill

- 22m @ 1.5g/t Au from 74m in BBDD0007*
- 12.7m @ 7.4g/t Au from 71.3m and 10m @ 4.3g/t Au from 174m in BBDD0008*, including:
 - 1m @ 74.6g/t Au from 73m

Extensional

- 4m @ 2.2g/t Au from 209m in BBRC0190*

Dicksons Deposit (current resource 7.7Mt @ 0.9g/t Au for 220koz Au)

Infill

- 14.9m @ 1.8g/t Au from 59m in BBDD0004*
- 7.4m @ 2.7g/t Au from 21.7m in BBDD0013*

Extensional

- 5.6m @ 3.0g/t Au from 63.9m and 5.4m @ 1.4g/t Au from 99m in BBDD0012*

Kraken Deposit (current resource 2.8Mt @ 1.7g/t Au for 160koz Au)

Infill

- 13m @ 2.1g/t Au from 48m in BBRC0189*

Extensional

- 8m @ 3.0g/t Au from 150m in BBRC0185*
- 10m @ 1.5g/t Au from 140m in BBRC0242*

- **Expanded drilling campaign of 110,000m in total (+30,000m from the initial 80,000m)** to target extensions of high-grade intercepts located beneath or along strike from the current MRE and further infill drilling to support the Pre-Feasibility Study (PFS). Seven rigs (four RC and three DD) are currently on site.
- Deeper extensional drilling has confirmed the **continuity of mineralisation at depth along the entire 8.5km strike extent of the current MRE**.
- Deeper infill drilling beneath the Bacchus pits has returned high-grade mineralisation along the footwall shear zone **and is continuing to reinforce the robustness of the current MRE**.
- **Strong potential to expand all deposits** as part of the updated MRE, which is on track for December 2025.
- The additional 30,000m of drilling will be **funded from existing cash reserves**. **The Company ended the June quarter with ~\$54 million cash** and remains well funded for all planned activities.

Table 1 - Drilling Summary

	Holes (RC & DD)	Metres (RC & DD)
Drilled to date by MI6*	334	71,068
Previously reported	146	30,067
Reported in this announcement	112	23,424
Total reported	258	53,491
Assays pending	76	16,874
Remaining from 110,000m plan	~180	~39,000

*Two diamond holes were drilled by Norton Goldfields prior to the completion of the transaction.

Management Comment

Minerals 260 Managing Director, Luke McFadyen, said: “These are excellent results and include some of the highest gram x metre intercepts in the history of the Bullabulling Gold Project. Infill drilling continues to deliver consistently strong results that reinforce the robustness of the deposit with higher grades frequently intercepted at depth outside of the current MRE pit shell. The multiple intersections of very high-grade mineralisation, including visible gold on several occasions, is exciting and extensions will be targeted in our expanded drilling program. The Board’s decision to approve an additional 30,000m of drilling highlights the confidence and excitement we have about the potential for the Bullabulling Gold Project.”

Details

Minerals 260 Limited ("Minerals 260" or the "Company") (**ASX: MI6**) is pleased to report further results from the drilling program at its 100%-owned Bullabulling Gold Project ("Bullabulling" or the "Project") located 25km west of Coolgardie in Western Australia.

Assays have been received for an additional 112 holes for 23,424m comprising infill, depth and strike extension drilling at all deposits within the current MRE.

A total of 334 holes for 71,068m have been completed, comprising 42 DD holes for 8,485m, 291 RC holes for 62,263m, and 1 RC/DD hole for 320m (**Figure 1**). See **Appendix 1** for a summary of results included in this announcement.

The drilling program will be increased to 110,000m, an additional 30,000m from the initial 80,000m, to enable:

- Following up higher grade intercepts, specifically in the Bacchus and Phoenix deposits;
- Further drilling of Inferred classified ounces within the current pit shell to achieve Indicated status, specifically in the Dicksons and Kraken deposits, to support the PFS;
- Extensional drilling in underexplored areas; and
- Exploration drilling to test surface geochemistry targets proximal to resource.

Data from the 110,000m drilling program will be used for the updated MRE, scheduled to be completed by early December 2025, as well the Maiden Ore Reserve and another MRE update planned for 2026.

Infill drilling at Bacchus has intersected broad zones of mineralisation beneath the existing pits at grades above the resource grade including 19m @ 4.7g/t Au from 144m in BBRC0146 and 5m @ 5.0 g/t Au from 247m in BBRC0220. These holes are all located within the existing resource pit shell and are expected to optimise the grade during the early years of operations.

Drilling at Bacchus and Phoenix continues to intersect a zone of high-grade mineralisation beneath the existing resource pit shell along the footwall shear zone. Hole BBDD0021 intersected the highest gram x metre intercept of the campaign with 10.2m @ 18.5g/t Au from 236m, including 2.8m @ 63.7g/t Au from 241m and 0.2m @ 629g/t Au from 244m, where multiple occurrences of visible gold were observed (**Figures 2 & 3**).

Approximately 120m along strike, BBRC0232 intersected 29m @ 1.5g/t Au from 204m and BBDD0015 intersected 15m @ 4.5g/t Au from 127.8m within the same footwall shear zone. BBDD0008 at Phoenix intersected 12.7m @ 7.4g/t Au from 71.3m, 2.9m @ 3.9g/t Au from 146.1m and 10m @ 4.3g/t Au from 174m (**Figure 4**). These high-grade intercepts sit at the base of or just beneath the current resource pit shell and are likely to result in a deeper pit shell in the updated MRE.

The Company is continuing to work on understanding the geological controls on the high-grade mineralisation as it represents a significant opportunity to improve the current 2.3Moz MRE as well as an opportunity in scheduling during mining by targeting higher grade zones early in the mine life.

Extensional drilling continues to extend the known mineralisation at depth of all deposits with multiple stacked lodes intersected beneath the current resource pit shells with results including 11m @ 1.3g/t Au from 287m in BBRC0228 (Bacchus), 14.9m @ 1.8 g/t Au from 59m in BBDD0004 (Dicksons) and 5.6m @ 3.0g/t Au from 63.9m and 5.4m @ 1.4 g/t Au from 99m in BBDD0012 (Dicksons).

As previously reported (see ASX announcements dated - 4 June and 4 August 2025), BBRC0015 intersected 62m @ 1.1g/t Au from 158m, including 1m @ 23.9g/t Au from 191m (**Figure 5**), and BBRC0009 intersected 19m @ 1g/t Au from 273m (**Figure 6**) at the bottom of the existing Phoenix and Bacchus resource pits and these areas will be targeted in further drilling and are expected to support increasing the depth of the resource in the updated MRE.

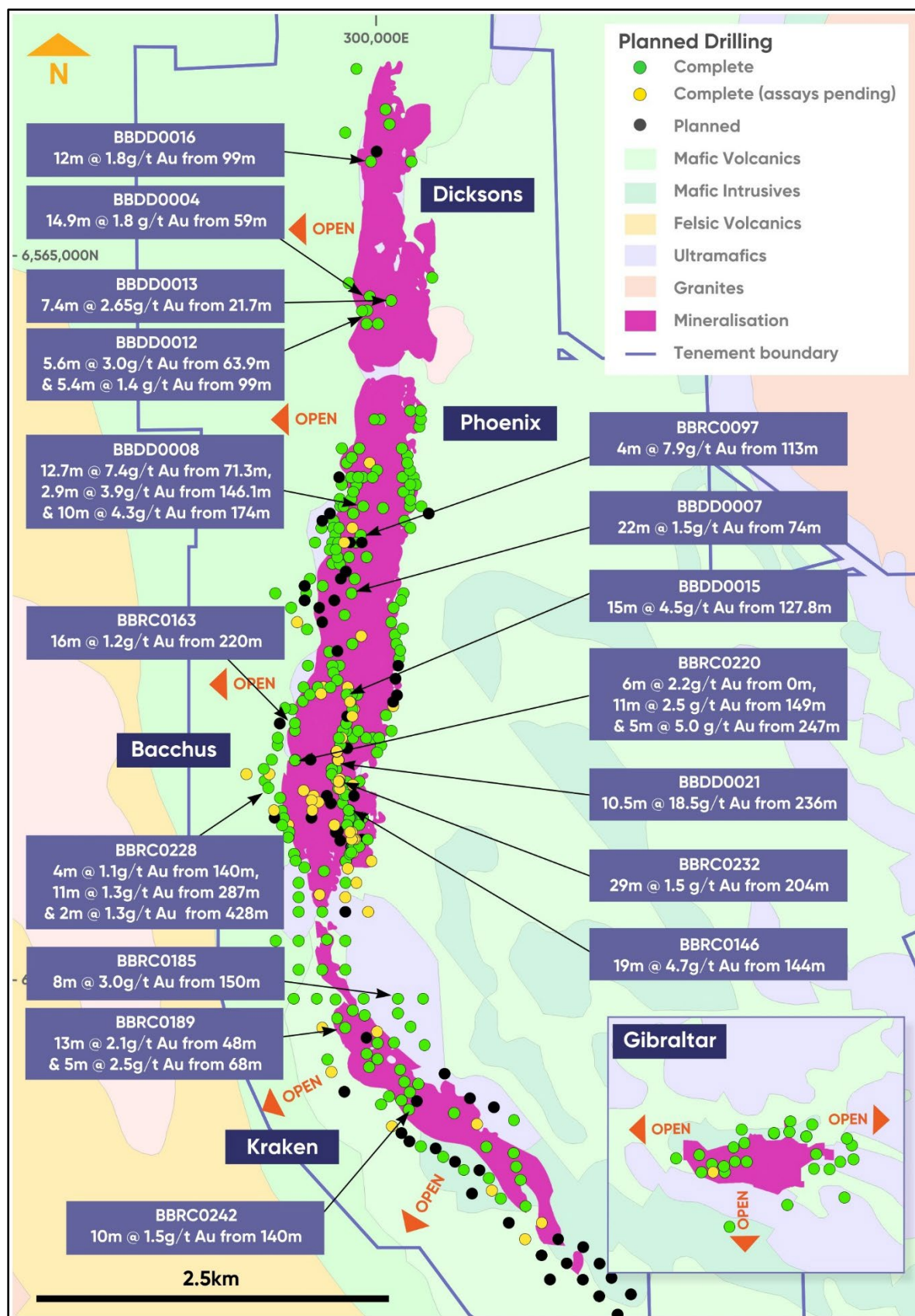


Figure 1 - Planned and completed drilling collar locations with highlighted results

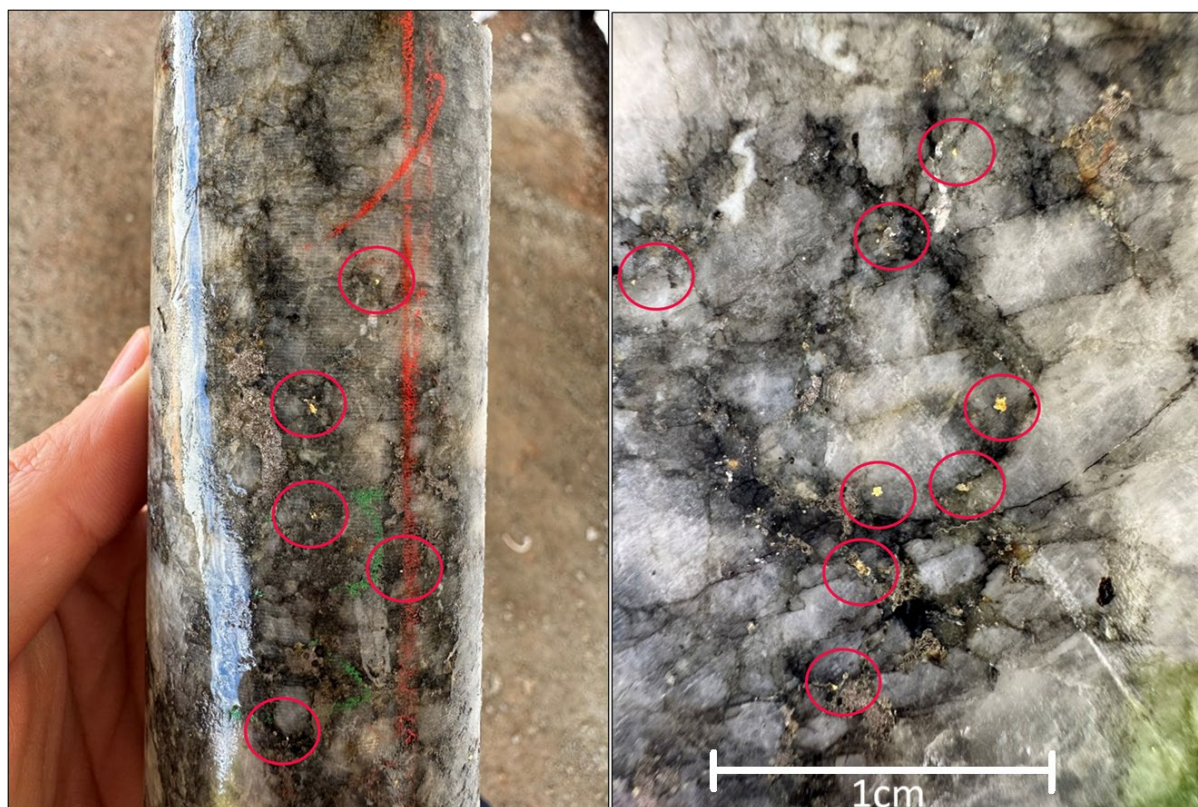


Figure 2 - Drill core with visible gold (0.2m @ 629g/t Au) from hole BBDD0021

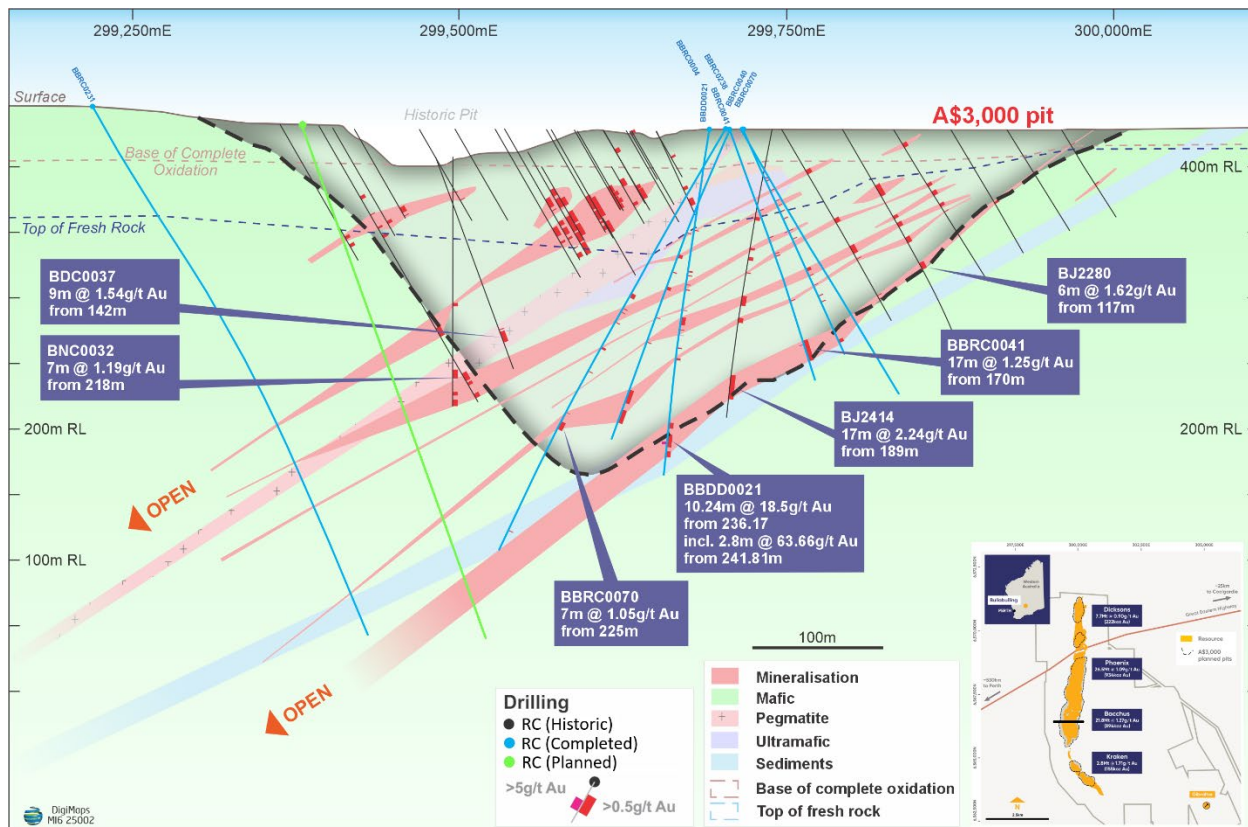


Figure 3 - Section 6566480N showing high-grade mineralisation at depth beneath the Bacchus pit, including BBDD0021 on the footwall of the current planned pit

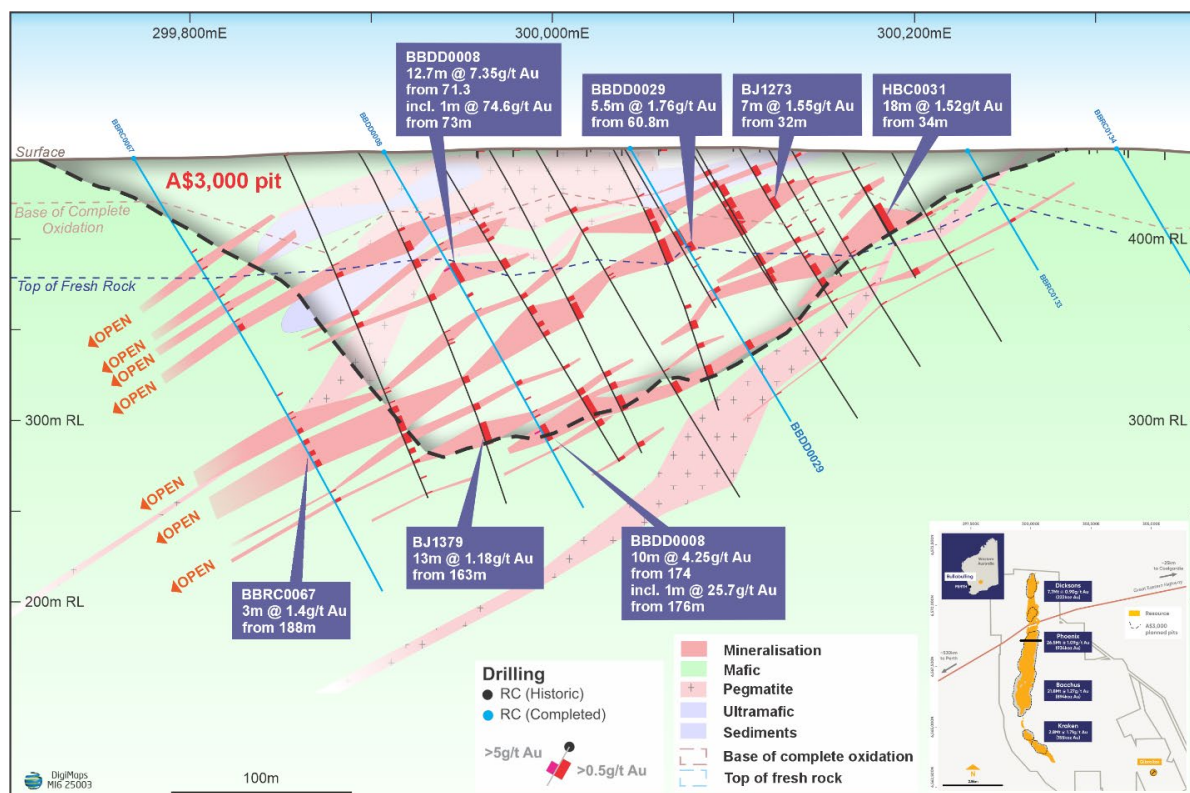


Figure 4 - Section 6568270N showing completed drilling by Minerals 260 (blue) and historical intercepts, with mineralisation extending north from the current Phoenix pit

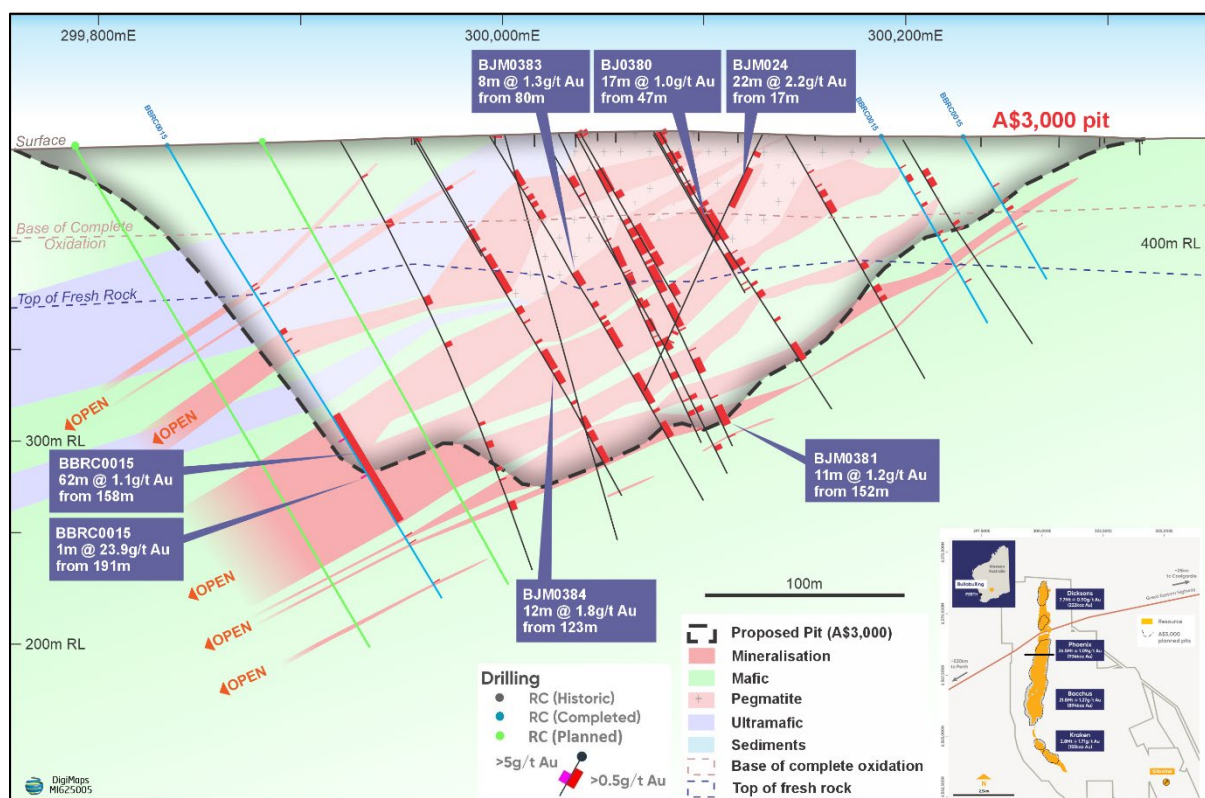


Figure 5 - Section 6568380N showing drilling results from BBRC0015 (see ASX announcement dated - 4 June 2025) extending beneath the existing Phoenix resource pit, historical intercepts also shown

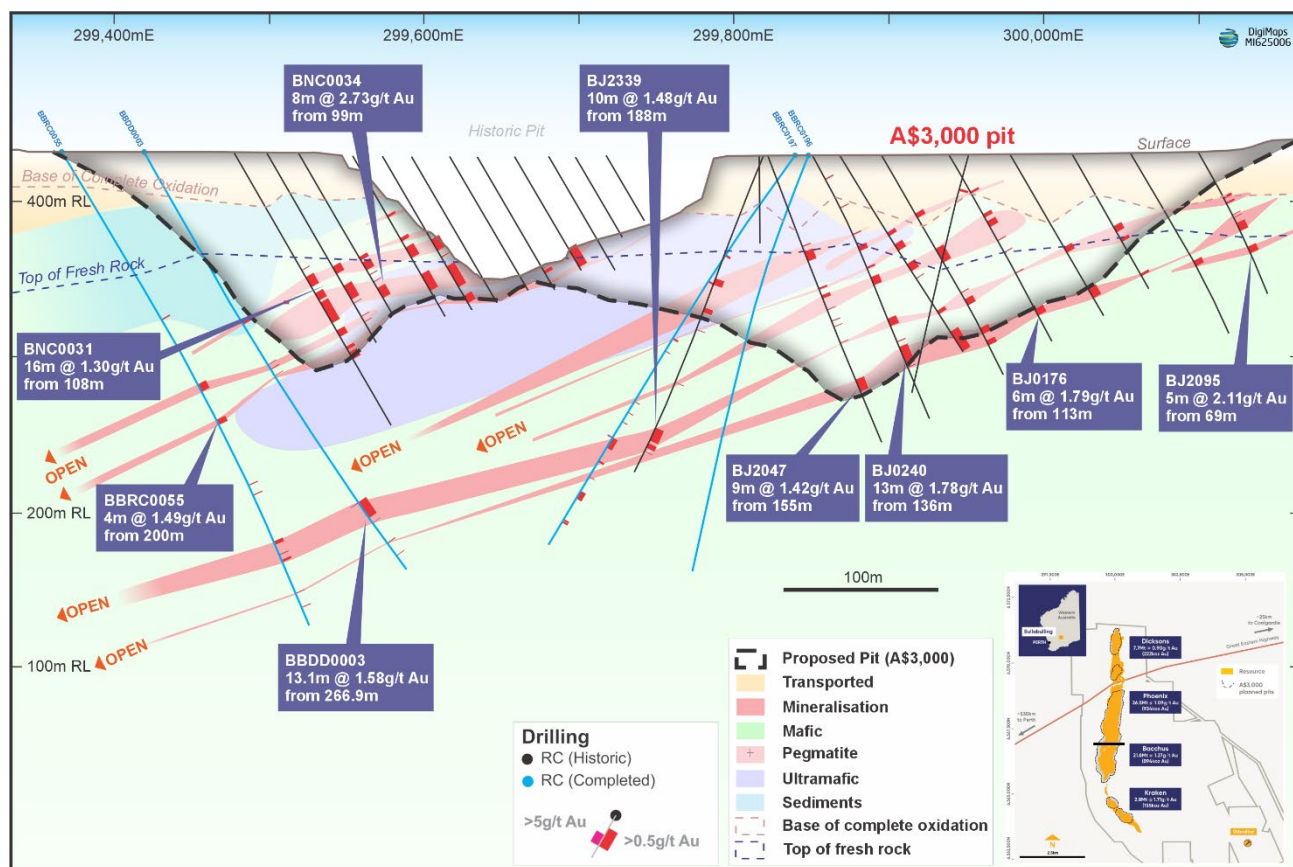


Figure 6 - Section 6566880N showing BBRC0055 and BBDD0003 (see ASX announcement dated - 4 August 2025) with mineralisation beneath the current Bacchus pit, historical intercepts also shown

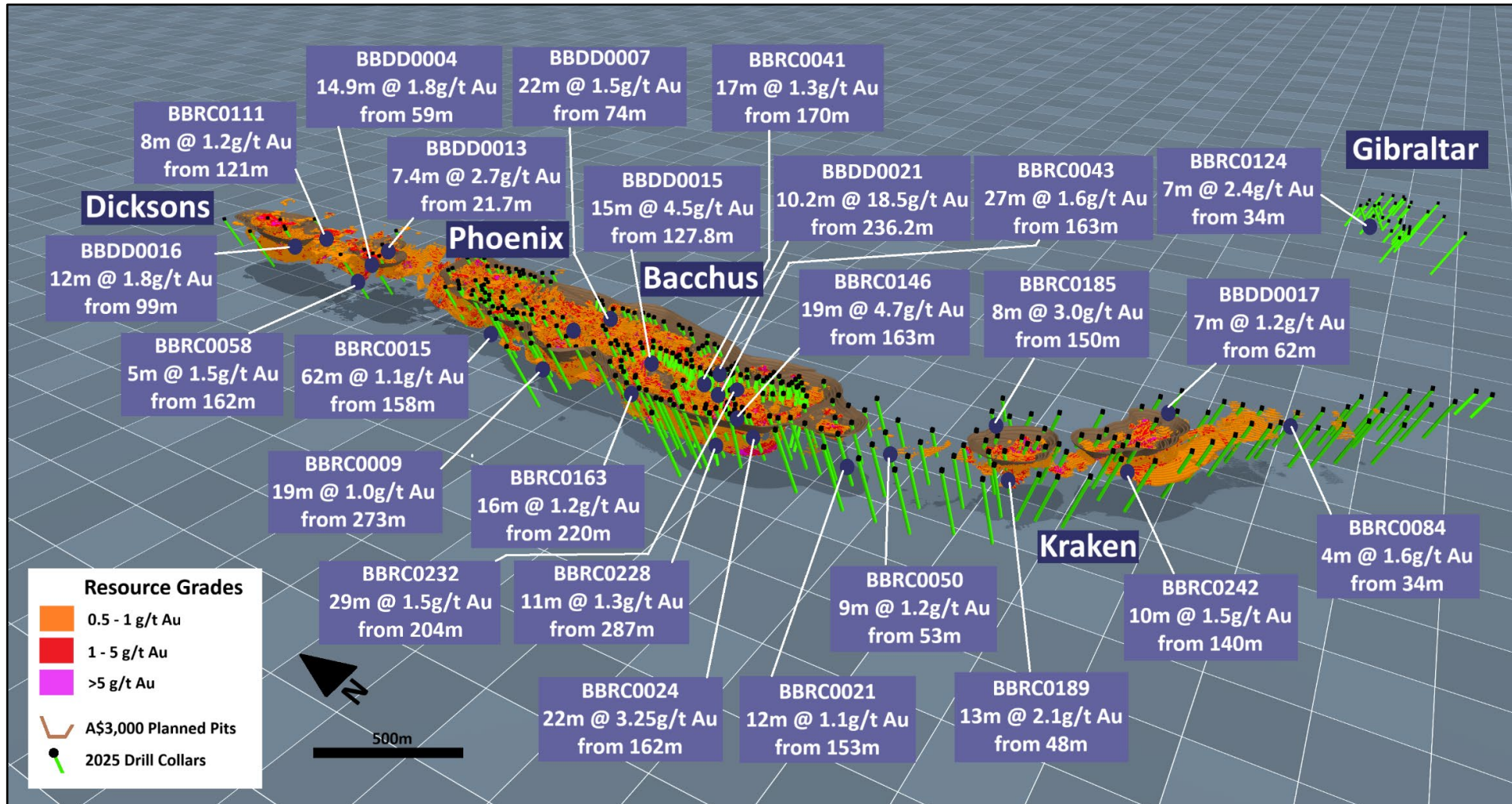


Figure 7 - Bullabulling resource showing grades, constrained by a A\$3,000 pit shell, key intercepts and with planned and completed Minerals 260 drill collars

This announcement has been authorised for release by the Board of Minerals 260 Limited.

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Bullabulling Gold Project Overview

Bullabulling Gold Project is a potential open pit mining operation located 25km south-west of Coolgardie in the Eastern Goldfields region of Western Australia. The Project hosts a JORC 2012 Mineral Resource Estimate of 60Mt @ 1.2g/t Au for 2.3Moz of gold (Indicated and Inferred, refer to **Table 2**), on granted mining leases (M15/503, M15/1414, M15/282, M15/554 and M15/552) and is located within a largely contiguous 571sq km tenement package (**Figure 8**).

Bullabulling offers exploration upside, with multiple highly prospective targets at depth and along strike, which supports the plan to grow the Mineral Resource and is the focus of exploration drilling by the Company.

Table 2 - Bullabulling Mineral Resource Estimate as of December 2024

By Area	Indicated			Inferred			TOTAL		
	Tonnes (Mt)	Grade (Au g/t)	Ounces (koz)	Tonnes (Mt)	Grade (Au g/t)	Ounces (koz)	Tonnes (Mt)	Grade (Au g/t)	Ounces (koz)
NORTH									
Bacchus	8.5	1.2	330	13	1.3	560	22	1.3	890
Dicksons	6.3	0.9	180	1.4	0.9	41	7.7	0.9	220
Phoenix	25	1.1	850	2.0	1.3	82	27	1.1	930
Laterite	-	-	-	1.3	1.1	45	1.3	1.1	45
Pegmatite	-	-	-	0.016	1.1	0.58	0.016	1.1	0.58
Waste	-	-	-	0.084	1.4	3.8	0.084	1.4	3.8
Subtotal North	39	1.1	1,400	18	1.3	730	57	1.1	2,100
SOUTH									
Kraken	-	-	-	2.8	1.7	160	2.8	1.7	160
Laterite	-	-	-	0.048	0.7	1.0	0.048	0.7	1.0
Subtotal South	-	-	-	2.9	1.7	160	2.9	1.7	160
TOTAL	39	1.1	1,400	21	1.3	890	60	1.2	2,300
By Material Type									
NORTH									
Oxide	3.7	1.1	130	1.6	1.1	60	5.3	1.1	189
Transition	11	1.0	350	1.7	1.0	57	12	1.0	410
Primary	25	1.1	880	15	1.3	620	40	1.2	1,500
Subtotal North	39	1.1	1,400	18	1.3	730	57	1.1	2,100
SOUTH									
Oxide	-	-	-	0.34	1.4	15	0.34	1.4	15
Transition	-	-	-	1.1	1.4	50	1.1	1.4	50
Primary	-	-	-	1.4	2.0	91	1.4	2.0	91
Subtotal South	-	-	-	2.9	1.7	160	2.9	1.7	160
TOTAL	39	1.1	1,400	21	1.3	890	60	1.2	2,300

¹ Bullabulling Mineral Resource Estimate (Snowden Optiro, December 2024). 0.5g/t Au cut-off grade and \$3,000 pit shell. Tonnages, grades and ounces have been rounded to two significant figures to reflect the relative uncertainty of the estimate.

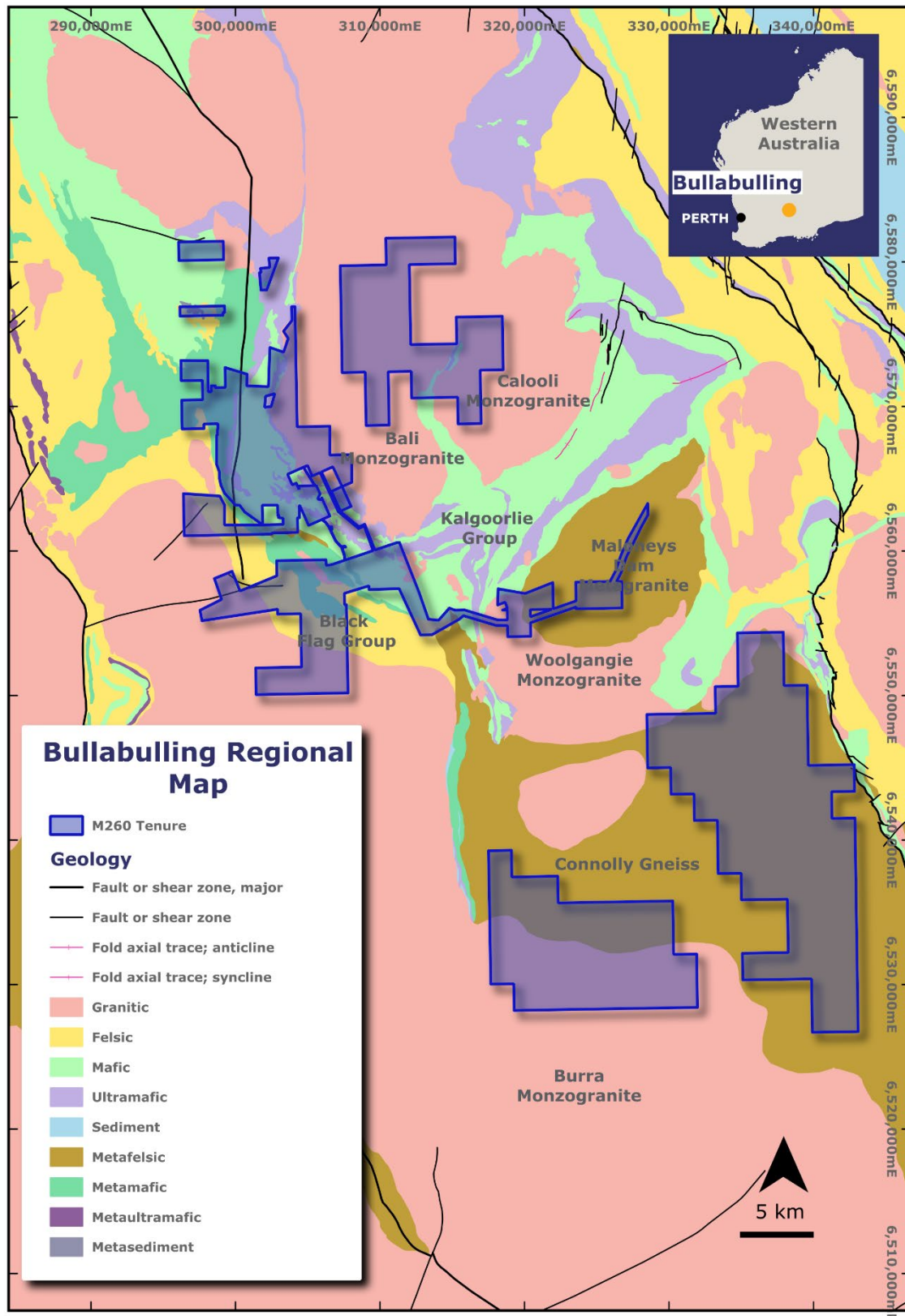


Figure 8 - Bullabulling project tenements and geology

Competent Person Statement

The information in this announcement that relates to Exploration Results for the Bullabulling Gold Project is based on, and fairly represents, information and data compiled by Mr Matthew Blake, who is a Competent Person and a member of the Australasian Institute of Geoscientists (AIG). Mr Blake is a full-time employee of the company. Mr Blake has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activities being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Blake consents to the inclusion in this announcement of the information and data relating to the Bullabulling Gold Project in the form and context in which it appears.

The information in this announcement that relates to the Mineral Resource Estimate for the Bullabulling Gold Project is extracted from the Minerals 260 Limited ASX announcement titled "Acquisition of Bullabulling Gold Project" dated 14 January 2025.

The information in this announcement that relates to prior Exploration Results and Historical Exploration Results for the Bullabulling Gold Project is extracted from the following ASX announcements:

- "Bullabulling Gold Project Exploration Strategy" dated 12 May 2025
- "Bullabulling Gold Project Drilling Results" dated 4 June 2025
- "Bullabulling Gold Project Drilling Update" dated 7 July 2025
- "Gold discovered along strike and at depth at Bullabulling" dated 4 August 2025

These announcements are available at www.minerals260.com.au.

The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original announcements and that in the case of the Mineral Resource Estimate for the Bullabulling Gold Project, all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the previous announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Persons findings presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcements.

Forward Looking Statements

This announcement may contain forward-looking statements, guidance, forecasts, estimates, prospects, projections or statements in relation to future matters that may involve risks or uncertainties and may involve significant items of subjective judgement and assumptions of future events that may or may not eventuate (Forward Statements).

Forward Statements can generally be identified by the use of forward-looking words such as "anticipates", "estimates", "will", "should", "could", "going", "may", "expects", "plans", "forecast", "target" or similar expressions. Forward Statements including references to updating or upgrading mineral resource estimates, future or near-term production and the general prospectivity of the deposits at the Bullabulling Gold Project (Project), likelihood of permitting the Project and taking a financial investment decision, among other indications, guidance or outlook on future revenues, distributions or financial position and performance or return or growth in underlying investments are provided as a general guide only and should not be relied upon as an indication or guarantee of future performance.

In addition, these Forward Statements are based upon certain assumptions and other important factors that, if untrue, could materially affect the future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such information or statements. There can be no assurance that such information or statements will prove to be accurate.

Key assumptions upon which the Company's forward-looking information is based include, without limitation, assumptions regarding the exploration and development activities, receipt of timely approvals and permits, ability to obtain timely finance on reasonable terms when required in the future and contracting for development, construction and commissioning of any future mining operation on terms favourable to the Company, the current and future social, economic and political conditions and any other assumption generally associated with the mining industry. To the extent that certain statements contained in this announcement may constitute 'Forward Statements' or statements about forward looking matters, then the information reflects the Company's (and no other party's) intent, belief or expectations as at the date of this announcement. No independent third party has reviewed the reasonableness of any such statements or assumptions. None of the Company, its related bodies corporate and their respective officers, directors, employees, advisers, partners, affiliates and agents (together, the MI6 Parties) represent or warrant that such Forward Statements will be achieved or will prove to be correct or gives any warranty, express or implied, as to the accuracy, completeness, likelihood of achievement or reasonableness of any Forward Statement contained in this announcement.

Forward Statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve known and unknown risk, uncertainties and other factors, many of which are beyond the control of the Company, and their respective officers, employees, agents and advisors, that may cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in such statements. Except as required by law or regulation, the Company assumes no obligation to release updates or revisions to Forward Statements to reflect any changes. Recipients should form their own views as to these matters and any assumptions on which any of the Forward Statements are based and not place reliance on such statements.

Appendix 1 – Bullabulling Project – RC & DD Drill Hole Statistics

Hole_ID	Hole Type	East	North	RL	Depth (m)	Dip	Azimuth	From (m)	To (m)	Significant Intercepts	
										Gold (>0.5g/t)	
										Interval (m)	Grade (g/t)
BBRC0107	RC	304822	6562697	428	216	-60	350	No significant results			
BBRC0108	RC	299903	6566130	426	70	-60	90	No significant results			
BBRC0109	RC	299863	6566130	426	100	-60	90	37	38	1	0.69
								41	42	1	0.5
BBRC0111	RC	300239	6570660	438	212	-60	90	95	96	1	0.85
								121	129	8	1.23
BBRC0112	RC	299857	6568030	443	196	-60	90	60	72	12	0.81
								76	80	4	0.68
								120	121	1	1.6
								125	134	9	1.1
								144	147	3	0.88
								151	152	1	0.8
BBRC0113	RC	299736	6568030	441	244	-60	90	161	162	1	1.18
								77	78	1	0.77
								86	88	2	2.12
								104	108	4	0.63
								122	126	4	0.6
								136	137	1	0.57
								142	143	1	0.7
								147	148	1	0.55
								152	158	6	0.7
								171	176	5	0.9
								197	199	2	1.19
BBRC0114	RC	299678	6567978	442	268	-60	90	202	207	5	0.61
								223	224	1	0.55
								82	84	2	1.85
								97	98	1	0.68
								123	124	1	2.57
								139	141	2	0.93
								161	162	1	0.54
								165	166	1	0.5
								173	177	4	1.09
								181	184	3	0.84
								198	205	7	0.52
BBRC0118	RC	299827	6565929	428	166	-75	270	216	222	6	0.69
								233	242	9	0.75
								253	256	3	0.59
								259	260	1	0.55
BBRC0118	RC	299827	6565929	428	166	-75	270	90	91	1	0.7

Hole_ID	Hole Type	East	North	RL	Depth (m)	Dip	Azimuth	From (m)	To (m)	Significant Intercepts	
										Gold (>0.5g/t)	
										Interval (m)	Grade (g/t)
								95	96	1	0.72
								99	103	4	0.84
								108	109	1	0.68
								111	112	1	0.86
								117	119	2	2.54
								133	134	1	0.58
BBRC0119	RC	299842	6565925	433	130	-85	90	11	12	1	0.57
								41	43	2	0.97
								48	54	6	0.91
								60	63	3	0.57
								71	73	2	1.15
								76	77	1	0.53
								84	85	1	0.6
								89	94	5	2.06
								inc. 1m @ 8.41 g/t Au from 93m			
								116	119	3	0.55
BBRC0125	RC	305239	6563426	438	126	-60	350	1	4	3	0.73
BBRC0134	RC	300308	6568280	450	251	-60	90	No significant results			
BBRC0136	RC	299740	6568131	446	244	-60	90	63	64	1	0.54
								89	90	1	0.77
								93	94	1	0.64
								99	100	1	0.54
								106	107	1	0.68
								114	118	4	2.06
								146	151	5	1.13
								159	160	1	0.5
								174	175	1	0.54
BBRC0139	RC	299744	6567170	431	208	-60	90	197	203	6	0.54
								77	79	2	0.76
								155	156	1	0.57
								161	163	2	1.35
BBRC0140	RC	299823	6566130	426	108	-60	90	170	176	6	1.18
								40	41	1	0.61
								49	51	2	0.61
BBRC0141	RC	299814	6566132	425	130	-70	270	60	64	4	0.67
								56	58	2	0.55
								65	66	1	1.07
								81	82	1	0.8
								99	100	1	0.87
								106	107	1	0.8

Hole_ID	Hole Type	East	North	RL	Depth (m)	Dip	Azimuth	From (m)	To (m)	Significant Intercepts	
										Gold (>0.5g/t)	
										Interval (m)	Grade (g/t)
								111	112	1	0.72
								123	124	1	0.87
BBRC0142	RC	299810	6566129	421	178	-55	270	103	105	2	0.8
								126	127	1	0.59
								134	135	1	0.51
								137	138	1	0.55
								139	140	1	0.51
								143	144	1	0.8
BBRC0143	RC	299810	6566129	241	130	-85	270	50	51	1	0.6
								53	54	1	0.56
								77	78	1	0.9
								81	87	6	0.55
								91	92	1	1.37
								97	100	3	0.91
								107	108	1	0.9
								113	114	1	1.5
BBRC0144	RC	299816	6566179	425	118	-60	90	34	35	1	0.52
								44	47	3	1.24
								60	61	1	1.01
								67	68	1	0.51
								76	77	1	0.67
BBRC0145	RC	299803	6566187	416	124	-90	270	39	43	4	1.08
								55	56	1	0.54
								58	59	1	0.8
BBRC0146	RC	299803	6566187	416	328	-60	270	48	49	1	0.58
								88	89	1	1.13
								102	103	1	0.8
								121	122	1	1.53
								144	163	19	4.66
								inc. 1m @ 75.4 g/t Au from 147m			
BBRC0147	RC	299876	6566073	423	118	-60	90	226	227	1	1.6
								42	43	1	0.5
BBRC0148	RC	299824	6566091	416	112	-60	90	48	55	7	0.6
								54	55	1	1.13
								59	61	2	1.44
								71	72	1	1.58
								77	78	1	1.3
								82	83	1	0.84
BBRC0149	RC	299816	6566091	427	178	-75	270	91	92	1	2.5
								39	50	11	0.52

Hole_ID	Hole Type	East	North	RL	Depth (m)	Dip	Azimuth	From (m)	To (m)	Significant Intercepts	
										Gold (>0.5g/t)	
										Interval (m)	Grade (g/t)
								77	78	1	2.78
								86	87	1	0.68
								111	112	1	0.59
								119	120	1	0.89
								172	173	1	0.68
BBRC0150	RC	299842	6565925	433	106	-60	90	37	38	1	2.38
								41	42	1	0.6
								56	57	1	0.55
								60	67	7	0.83
BBRC0151	RC	299879	6565929	430	88	-60	90	16	17	1	0.61
								56	58	2	1.31
								69	72	3	0.75
BBRC0155	RC	300286	6564291	418	160	-60	45	41	42	1	0.61
BBRC0158	RC	300756	6563854	424	226	-60	45	60	62	2	0.79
								66	68	2	1.74
								87	88	1	0.56
								102	103	1	0.56
BBRC0159	RC	300934	6563813	422	238	-60	45	18	19	1	0.62
BBRC0160	RC	299693	6567174	437	226	-60	90	91	92	1	0.55
								94	95	1	0.57
								112	120	8	0.8
								126	130	4	0.91
								148	153	5	1.25
								182	183	1	0.73
								190	201	11	1.4
BBRC0161	RC	299699	6567127	426	220	-60	90	112	113	1	2.06
								133	134	1	0.63
								137	138	1	0.85
								161	165	4	0.77
								171	172	1	1.89
								183	198	15	0.99
								204	205	1	2.52
BBRC0163	RC	299529	6566975	429	274	-60	90	167	170	3	1.21
								205	206	1	0.55
								213	214	1	1.06
								220	236	16	1.18
								272	274	2	0.73
BBRC0164	RC	299684	6567024	431	240	-60	90	71	86	15	0.62
								99	100	1	0.69
								104	105	1	0.53

Hole_ID	Hole Type	East	North	RL	Depth (m)	Dip	Azimuth	From (m)	To (m)	Significant Intercepts	
										Gold (>0.5g/t)	
										Interval (m)	Grade (g/t)
								114	115	1	0.55
								116	117	1	0.5
								126	128	2	0.54
								142	143	1	0.91
								157	168	11	1.17
								176	177	1	0.86
								189	190	1	0.64
								192	194	2	0.77
								211	212	1	0.9
BBRC0166	RC	299535	6567202	396	328	-60	90	154	162	8	0.57
								274	275	1	0.5
								277	279	2	2.75
BBRC0167	RC	299832	6567330	434	232	-60	90	50	55	5	1.25
								59	60	1	1.16
								65	66	1	3.13
								71	73	2	0.74
								77	78	1	0.61
								81	84	3	0.88
								87	88	1	0.79
								90	91	1	0.67
								97	98	1	0.85
								101	104	3	0.75
								110	111	1	0.55
								152	165	13	0.67
BBRC0168	RC	300232	6568324	450	64	-60	90	30	31	1	1.32
								34	35	1	0.55
								37	43	6	0.51
BBRC0169	RC	299318	6566680	432	280	-60	90	103	107	4	0.7
								194	199	5	0.74
								209	214	5	1.74
								267	268	1	0.54
BBRC0171	RC	305290	6562929	428	186	-60	350	99	100	1	0.59
								109	110	1	0.63
								117	118	1	0.98
								128	131	3	0.63
								141	142	1	0.75
								167	169	2	0.71
BBRC0172	RC	299790	6566780	430	216	-85	270	43	47	4	0.79
								50	54	4	3.02
								inc. 2m @ 5.48 g/t Au from 52m			

Hole_ID	Hole Type	East	North	RL	Depth (m)	Dip	Azimuth	From (m)	To (m)	Significant Intercepts	
										Gold (>0.5g/t)	
										Interval (m)	Grade (g/t)
								99	100	1	1.19
								110	114	4	0.68
								118	122	4	0.93
								138	140	2	0.89
								192	193	1	0.69
								195	196	1	0.7
BBRC0175	RC	299751	6566634	429	204	-85	270	32	36	4	0.8
								52	53	1	0.54
								78	80	2	0.66
								103	104	1	2.87
								117	118	1	0.67
								120	121	1	1.05
								140	141	1	0.55
								159	161	2	0.74
								181	187	6	4.71
								inc. 1m @ 16.8 g/t Au from 183m			
								190	191	1	1.81
BBRC0176	RC	299725	6566582	429	294	-65	270	92	93	1	0.6
								115	118	3	0.75
								132	136	4	1.72
								147	148	1	0.86
								160	161	1	0.61
								186	187	1	1.14
								230	231	1	1.02
								235	237	2	3.37
								250	251	1	0.66
								258	259	1	0.58
								261	265	4	0.88
BBRC0177	RC	305221	6562848	427	180	-60	350	160	161	1	0.52
BBRC0178	RC	305128	6563339	426	186	-60	170	0	1	1	1
BBRC0180	RC	300962	6563720	419	160	-60	45	37	39	2	0.59
								40	41	1	0.52
								45	46	1	0.69
BBRC0181	RC	300148	6564781	422	184	-60	90	No significant results			
BBRC0182	RC	300234	6564687	421	184	-60	45	No significant results			
BBRC0184	RC	299909	6564880	420	190	-60	90	No significant results			
BBRC0185	RC	300146	6564880	422	160	-60	90	150	158	8	2.99
								inc. 4m @ 5.29 g/t Au from 154m			
BBRC0186	RC	299586	6564880	428	400	-60	90	122	123	1	0.65
								341	342	1	1.05

Hole_ID	Hole Type	East	North	RL	Depth (m)	Dip	Azimuth	From (m)	To (m)	Significant Intercepts	
										Gold (>0.5g/t)	
										Interval (m)	Grade (g/t)
BBRC0187	RC	299428	6564880	429	382	-60	90	241	242	1	0.89
								266	267	1	1.18
BBRC0188	RC	300320	6564880	423	166	-60	90	No significant results			
BBRC0189	RC	299782	6564680	422	214	-60	90	48	61	13	2.05
								inc. 4m @ 5.29 g/t Au from 52m			
								68	73	5	2.46
								inc. 1m @ 9.91 g/t Au from 68m			
								140	141	1	0.51
								153	154	1	0.5
BBRC0190	RC	299718	6567982	440	252	-60	90	80	83	3	0.73
								88	89	1	1.7
								106	107	1	0.69
								114	115	1	0.66
								133	135	2	0.82
								138	139	1	0.75
								168	169	1	0.56
								177	178	1	0.54
								188	191	3	1.11
								209	213	4	2.23
								inc. 1m @ 7.26 g/t Au from 209m			
								217	219	2	1.5
								233	235	2	0.53
								239	240	1	3.73
BBRC0191	RC	300180	6567435	439	154	-60	90	3	4	1	1.28
BBRC0192	RC	300233	6568130	446	40	-60	90	No significant results			
BBRC0193	RC	299829	6566980	430	178	-90	0	56	57	1	0.7
								60	64	4	1.2
								107	112	5	0.97
								122	125	3	1.44
								145	146	1	0.64
								149	150	1	0.92
								156	160	4	0.51
								162	163	1	1.1
BBRC0194	RC	299792	6566980	430	202	-90	0	37	46	9	0.71
								73	74	1	0.5
								85	89	4	1.31
								104	105	1	0.61
								117	119	2	0.72
								125	129	4	4.31
								inc. 1m @ 13.65 g/t Au from 128m			

Hole_ID	Hole Type	East	North	RL	Depth (m)	Dip	Azimuth	From (m)	To (m)	Significant Intercepts	
										Gold (>0.5g/t)	
										Interval (m)	Grade (g/t)
								140	141	1	0.51
BBRC0195	RC	300162	6567284	435	58	-60	90	No significant results			
BBRC0196	RC	299841	6566880	430	276	-70	270	Assays pending			
BBRC0197	RC	299833	6566880	430	296	-55	270	77	79	2	0.74
								97	99	2	0.78
								140	142	2	0.93
								150	151	1	1.84
								188	189	1	1.86
								196	197	1	0.87
								203	204	1	1.18
								215	223	8	2.86
								inc. 1m @ 15.7 g/t Au from 216m			
								232	234	2	0.56
								244	245	1	1.26
								255	261	6	0.67
								276	279	3	1.54
BBRC0198	RC	299817	6566930	429	198	-75	270	Assays pending			
BBRC0199	RC	299816	6566930	429	304	-55	270	Assays pending			
BBRC0200	RC	299786	6565833	423	172	-85	270	73	74	1	0.91
								79	81	2	0.8
								84	85	1	0.51
								89	90	1	1.59
BBRC0202	RC	299815	6565885	424	288	-60	270	0	3	3	1.25
								74	76	2	0.65
								96	101	5	2.09
								108	109	1	1.14
								129	133	4	1.1
								155	156	1	0.83
BBRC0203	RC	299825	6565889	424	160	-85	270	172	173	1	1.78
								71	72	1	2.45
								86	87	1	1.38
								94	103	9	3.26
BBRC0203	RC	299825	6565889	424	160	-85	270	inc. 1m @ 16.65 g/t Au from 98m			
BBRC0204	RC	299790	6565269	428	198	-60	90	No significant results			
BBRC0205	RC	299784	6565080	422	194	-60	90	No significant results			
BBRC0206	RC	299916	6564766	420	72	-60	45	No significant results			
BBRC0207	RC	300330	6564560	421	252	-60	45	No significant results			
BBRC0208	RC	300120	6564576	420	300	-60	45	No significant results			
BBRC0209	RC	300006	6564463	419	310	-60	45	29	30	1	0.58
								58	61	3	1.43

Hole_ID	Hole Type	East	North	RL	Depth (m)	Dip	Azimuth	From (m)	To (m)	Significant Intercepts	
										Gold (>0.5g/t)	
										Interval (m)	Grade (g/t)
BBRC0210	RC	304628	6563083	429	174	-60	350	103	104	1	1.7
								113	114	1	0.83
								117	118	1	0.85
BBRC0211	RC	304707	6563066	428	150	-60	350	Assays pending			
BBRC0212	RC	305523	6563107	428	174	-60	350	98	99	1	0.94
								108	111	3	1.02
								116	117	1	0.62
								120	121	1	0.68
BBRC0213	RC	304451	6563169	419	210	-60	350	36	37	1	1.89
								50	51	1	2.91
BBRC0215	RC	299433	6565881	434	300	-60	90	0	6	6	0.58
								95	96	1	0.98
								136	137	1	0.72
								140	150	10	0.52
								161	162	1	0.53
								167	168	1	1.62
								215	216	1	0.79
								296	297	1	0.57
BBRC0216	RC	299460	6565688	438	264	-60	90	1	2	1	0.5
								67	68	1	0.91
								85	89	4	0.71
								91	96	5	1.5
								119	120	1	0.66
								124	126	2	0.85
								130	131	1	0.54
								137	138	1	1.21
								163	164	1	0.83
								172	173	1	1.41
								221	222	1	0.56
								227	228	1	0.69
BBRC0217	RC	299501	6565786	431	336	-60	90	84	86	2	3.96
								98	99	1	0.6
								184	185	1	1.31
								209	210	1	1.35
								218	221	3	1.09
								232	234	2	0.78
BBRC0218	RC	299642	6565759	430	168	-60	90	57	58	1	0.67
								67	71	4	1.29
								91	92	1	0.54

Hole_ID	Hole Type	East	North	RL	Depth (m)	Dip	Azimuth	From (m)	To (m)	Significant Intercepts	
										Gold (>0.5g/t)	
										Interval (m)	Grade (g/t)
								147	149	2	1.25
								156	157	1	0.5
								162	163	1	0.56
BBRC0219	RC	299785	6565680	424	162	-60	90	No significant results			
BBRC0220	RC	299440	6566528	430	318	-60	90	0	6	6	2.23
								inc. 1m @ 9.57 g/t Au from 2m			
								149	160	11	2.54
								inc. 1m @ 16.15 g/t Au from 156m			
								230	231	1	0.78
								238	239	1	3.6
								247	252	5	5
								inc. 1m @ 21.6 g/t Au from 250m			
								268	269	1	1.03
								282	283	1	0.97
								285	287	2	2.09
								290	291	1	0.54
BBRC0221	RC	299441	6565833	436	276	-60	90	292	293	1	0.55
								130	131	1	1.28
BBRC0222	RC	299462	6565580	434	366	-60	90	203	211	8	0.92
								62	70	8	0.7
								116	117	1	0.58
								153	159	6	0.98
								163	164	1	0.7
								166	167	1	0.61
								171	174	3	0.57
								234	236	2	1.91
								259	263	4	1.86
								267	268	1	0.61
BBRC0223	RC	299303	6565480	434	390	-60	90	96	97	1	1.03
								110	112	2	0.61
								138	140	2	3.93
								183	190	7	1.65
								230	238	8	0.82
								252	253	1	0.85
								298	300	2	1.12
								370	372	2	6.53
BBRC0224	RC	299303	6565280	432	402	-60	90	inc. 1m @ 9.58 g/t Au from 370m			
								226	227	1	1.75
BBRC0225	RC	300162	6564390	418	84	-60	45	262	263	1	0.82
								37	39	2	0.94

Hole_ID	Hole Type	East	North	RL	Depth (m)	Dip	Azimuth	From (m)	To (m)	Significant Intercepts	
										Gold (>0.5g/t)	
										Interval (m)	Grade (g/t)
								47	48	1	0.88
								54	55	1	2.43
								67	71	4	0.72
BBRC0226	RC	300024	6564590	412	150	-60	44	58	59	1	3.29
BBRC0227	RC	299230	6566383	459	450	-60	91	275	276	1	0.69
								279	280	1	3.34
								309	310	1	1.19
								390	391	1	0.61
								400	404	4	0.6
								412	414	2	5.21
								inc. 1m @ 8.58 g/t Au from 412m			
BBRC0228	RC	299232	6566338	456	467	-60	91	121	122	1	1.88
								140	144	4	1.12
								267	268	1	3.47
								277	278	1	0.56
								287	298	11	1.3
								363	364	1	0.69
								382	384	2	1.05
								401	402	1	0.91
								424	425	1	1.24
								428	430	2	1.34
BBRC0229	RC	299258	6566432	447	340	-60	90	Assays pending			
BBRC0230	RC	299948	6564408	420	133	-59	45	87	88	1	0.79
								91	92	1	1.34
								103	104	1	0.88
BBRC0231	RC	299221	6566467	443	452	-60	90	345	347	2	0.68
BBRC0232	RC	299740	6566330	420	311	-70	269	108	109	1	2.48
								132	135	3	0.83
								162	164	2	0.85
								167	168	1	1.05
								176	177	1	0.73
								180	181	1	1.58
								185	187	2	0.58
								190	191	1	1.14
								204	233	29	1.54
BBRC0233	RC	299745	6566330	428	200	-90	270	Assays pending			
BBRC0234	RC	299745	6566395	421	180	-61	90	Assays pending			
BBRC0235	RC	299742	6566376	428	200	-85	95	Assays pending			
BBRC0236	RC	299744	6566385	429	188	-70	90	Assays pending			
BBRC0237	RC	299828	6566037	425	148	-81	94	Assays pending			

Hole_ID	Hole Type	East	North	RL	Depth (m)	Dip	Azimuth	From (m)	To (m)	Significant Intercepts	
										Gold (>0.5g/t)	
										Interval (m)	Grade (g/t)
BBRC0238	RC	299830	6566038	425	134	-60	88	Assays pending			
BBRC0239	RC	299567	6566284	375	196	-87	264	Assays pending			
BBRC0240	RC	299663	6564454	427	214	-60	44	No significant results			
BBRC0241	RC	300029	6564158	416	214	-60	46	100	104	4	0.89
								165	172	7	1.45
								181	182	1	0.5
								184	187	3	1.24
								191	197	6	0.68
BBRC0242	RC	300220	6564113	422	166	-60	45	116	117	1	1.41
								120	121	1	2.38
								135	136	1	0.64
								140	150	10	1.53
								inc. 1m @ 7.57 g/t Au from 143m			
BBRC0243	RC	300946	6564014	292	274	-60	46	No significant results			
BBRC0244	RC	301023	6563220	417	352	-60	45	Assays pending			
BBRC0245	RC	300312	6563859	327	370	-59	45	158	159	1	0.75
								168	169	1	0.56
BBRC0246	RC	300691	6564014	420	272	-60	45	Assays pending			
BBRC0247	RC	301139	6563333	419	298	-60	45	Assays pending			
BBRC0248	RC	299733	6566528	429	208	-90	0	Assays pending			
BBRC0249	RC	299734	6566528	429	238	-80	90	Assays pending			
BBRC0250	RC	299831	6566830	430	196	-85	270	Assays pending			
BBRC0251	RC	299759	6566680	427	220	-79	95	Assays pending			
BBRC0252	RC	299841	6566355	431	127	-60	89	Assays pending			
BBRC0253	RC	299939	6565982	431	83	-60	90	42	43	1	0.61
								46	49	3	0.6
BBRC0254	RC	299855	6565980	429	100	-60	91	Assays pending			
BBRC0255	RC	299845	6565993	446	118	-80	90	Assays pending			
BBRC0256	RC	299825	6565978	425	148	-90	14	Assays pending			
BBRC0257	RC	299825	6565978	425	190	-70	272	Assays pending			
BBRC0258	RC	299740	6566682	428	292	-70	270	36	37	1	0.59
								87	88	1	0.63
								153	157	4	1.05
								174	175	1	0.69
								192	193	1	0.98
								220	221	1	1.96
								228	229	1	0.5
BBRC0259	RC	299860	6565680	424	260	-60	90	Assays pending			
BBRC0260	RC	299598	6566237	373	214	-60	90	Assays pending			
BBRC0261	RC	299549	6566250	373	244	-85	90	Assays pending			

Hole_ID	Hole Type	East	North	RL	Depth (m)	Dip	Azimuth	From (m)	To (m)	Significant Intercepts	
										Gold (>0.5g/t)	
										Interval (m)	Grade (g/t)
BBRC0262	RC	299708	6566079	403	154	-80	90	Assays pending			
BBRC0263	RC	299496	6566317	364	281	-70	90	Assays pending			
BBRC0264	RC	299555	6566180	372	268	-85	90	Assays pending			
BBRC0265	RC	299816	6566030	425	202	-80	270	Assays pending			
BBRC0266	RC	299464	6564678	427	490	-60	90	Assays pending			
BBRC0270	RC	299291	6566180	432	318	-75	90	Assays pending			
BBRC0271	RC	299317	6565093	432	335	-60	90	Assays pending			
BBRC0272	RC	305088	6562810	430	216	-60	350	Assays pending			
BBRC0273	RC	305138	6562810	431	146	-60	350	Assays pending			
BBRC0274	RC	305010	6562829	430	180	-60	350	Assays pending			
BBRC0275	RC	299800	6565780	424	192	-60	90	Assays pending			
BBRC0276	RC	299739	6566380	428	270	-80	270	Assays pending			
BBRC0277	RC	299738	6566380	428	306	-65	270	Assays pending			
BBRC0278	RC	299737	6566380	428	384	-55	270	Assays pending			
BBRC0279	RC	300103	6566830	432	138	-60	90	Assays pending			
BBRC0280	RC	299725	6566586	428	220	-90	0	Assays pending			
BBRC0281	RC	299724	6566588	428	220	-80	90	Assays pending			
BBRC0282	RC	299589	6567330	434	330	-60	90	Assays pending			
BBRC0283	RC	299616	6566986	432	280	-58	92	Assays pending			
BBRC0284	RC	299776	6568030	442	232	-60	90	Assays pending			
BBRC0285	RC	299832	6568130	444	226	-60	90	Assays pending			
BBRC0290	RC	299784	6565580	424	214	-60	90	Assays pending			
BBRC0291	RC	299941	6565480	424	244	-60	90	Assays pending			
BBRC0292	RC	299963	6565830	424	58	-60	90	Assays pending			
BBRC0293	RC	299612	6566650	381	250	-80	90	Assays pending			
BBRC0294	RC	299612	6566650	381	226	-60	90	Assays pending			
BBRC0295	RC	299605	6566710	378	180	-75	90	Assays pending			
BBRC0296	RC	299687	6564374	423	268	-60	45	Assays pending			
BBRC0297	RC	300795	6563556	417	258	-60	45	Assays pending			
BBRC0298	RC	299664	6565779	426	295	-60	0	Assays pending			
BBRC0300	RC	299760	6566230	428	210	-85	270	Assays pending			
BBDD0001	DD	299435	6566526	430	142.1	-60	90	N/A (Metallurgical hole)			
BBDD0004	DD	299952	6569730	446	330.6	-57	90	46	47	1	4.64
								59	73.93	14.93	1.8
								84	84.8	0.8	0.69
								219	220	1	1.41
								227	231	4	1.03
								236.65	238.65	2	1.37
								284.55	285	0.45	0.52
								286	287	1	0.63

Hole_ID	Hole Type	East	North	RL	Depth (m)	Dip	Azimuth	From (m)	To (m)	Significant Intercepts	
										Gold (>0.5g/t)	
										Interval (m)	Grade (g/t)
								290	291	1	0.72
BBDD0005	DD	300010	6569540	448	291.8	-60	90	33	34	1	0.75
								46	47	1	0.58
								84.9	86	1.1	0.5
								112.42	113.57	1.15	0.84
								116.6	118	1.4	1.41
								140	141	1	1.24
								157.67	157.81	0.14	0.62
								160.9	161.36	0.46	1.15
								164.02	164.41	0.39	0.63
								239	240	1	0.58
								241.5	242	0.5	6.92
								256	258	2	1.98
								276.4	277	0.6	0.92
BBDD0006	DD	299863	6568480	451	240.7	-60	90	N/A (Metallurgical hole)			
BBDD0007	DD	299826	6567683	438	198.7	-60	90	3	4	1	3.37
								21	22	1	1.72
								25	25.7	0.7	3.64
								59.68	60.26	0.58	1.04
								74	96	22	1.51
								inc. 1m @ 11.05 g/t Au from 88m			
								100	101	1	1.19
								105	105.48	0.48	0.53
								119	120	1	0.97
								123.75	125.44	1.69	0.51
								127	128	1	0.58
								137	138	1	0.52
								163	164	1	0.85
								167	167.84	0.84	3.58
BBDD0008	DD	299907	6568280	448	225.8	-60	90	43	44	1	0.57
								51	51.6	0.6	0.88
								59.2	60.05	0.85	21.1
								63	63.5	0.5	1.96
								71.3	84	12.7	7.35
								inc. 1m @ 74.6 g/t Au from 73m			
								91	93	2	1.51
								101	101.65	0.65	1.57
								146.1	149	2.9	3.88
								157	158	1	0.96
								165	166	1	0.77

Hole_ID	Hole Type	East	North	RL	Depth (m)	Dip	Azimuth	From (m)	To (m)	Significant Intercepts	
										Gold (>0.5g/t)	
										Interval (m)	Grade (g/t)
								168	169	1	0.93
								174	184	10	4.25
								inc. 1m @ 25.7 g/t Au from 176m			
								189	190	1	0.66
BBDD0010	DD	300177	6568480	455	89.1	-60	90	23	28	5	1.35
								36	37.3	1.3	1.22
								43	43.7	0.7	1.41
								54	56.7	2.7	4.06
								65	67	2	0.93
								72	74	2	1
BBDD0012	DD	299935	6569634	447	116.1	-60	90	55.47	56	0.53	0.75
								63.9	69.5	5.6	3.01
								inc. 0.64m @ 20.6 g/t Au from 68.86m			
								77	77.51	0.51	0.67
								86.6	86.73	0.13	1.78
								90	91	1	0.72
								94.43	95	0.57	0.64
								99	104.43	5.43	1.42
BBDD0013	DD	300100	6569700	450	82.7	-60	90	21.68	29.81	7.43	2.65
								inc. 0.92m @ 11.65 g/t Au from 21.68m			
								42.66	43.76	1.1	1.02
								72	74.43	2.43	0.94
BBDD0014	DD	299823	6566830	430	306.35	-55	270	129	130	1	0.57
								133	134	1	0.77
								142	143	1	0.91
								146.06	146.86	0.8	1.88
								155.9	157	1.1	0.69
								170	171	1	0.58
								203	203.65	0.65	21.1
								210.05	211	0.95	0.63
								213.5	222.55	9.05	0.77
								231.45	232	0.55	0.56
								238	240	2	1.29
								276	277.25	1.25	0.8
								287	288	1	1.6
BBDD0015	DD	299865	6566980	431	159.7	-60	90	295	297.65	2.65	0.54
								32.82	34	1.18	0.59
								38	39	1	0.52
								45.8	51.55	5.75	0.93
								67.6	68	0.4	1.23

Hole_ID	Hole Type	East	North	RL	Depth (m)	Dip	Azimuth	From (m)	To (m)	Significant Intercepts	
										Gold (>0.5g/t)	
										Interval (m)	Grade (g/t)
								76.07	77	0.93	0.54
								89	90	1	0.91
								101.43	107.52	6.09	1.18
								111	112	1	0.56
								119	120	1	0.52
								127.8	129.05	1.25	2.79
								127.8	142.8	15	4.52
								inc. 3.9m @ 14.47 g/t Au from 135m			
BBDD0017	DD	300534	6564090	418	255.8	-60	45	62	69	7	1.18
								90.06	90.3	0.24	1.99
								94.3	97	2.7	0.77
BBDD0018	DD	304941	6563146	426	74.1	-60	350	16.51	17	0.49	0.8
								18.55	19	0.45	0.8
								27.65	30.78	3.13	0.63
								38	38.87	0.87	0.86
								47	48	1	1.8
								63.57	66	2.73	0.56
								70.39	70.58	0.19	1.7
BBDD0019	DD	305420	6563199	423	71.1	-60	350	0	0.7	0.7	0.59
								29.84	30.4	0.56	0.98
								48	49	1	0.78
								53	54	1	2.47
								59.8	62.48	2.68	3.78
BBDD0020	DD	300088	6570919	433	178	-60	90	0	3	3	0.55
								20	21.35	1.35	0.89
								25.8	30	3.5	0.88
								36.7	37.6	0.9	2.01
								42	42.6	0.6	0.95
								47	48	1	0.56
								54.45	60	5.25	1.22
								64.27	65	0.73	4.07
								66.85	67.6	0.75	0.72
								69	69.3	0.3	0.52
								126.28	126.53	0.25	1.26
								129.21	129.31	0.1	0.89
								133	134	1	0.95
								137	138	1	0.54
								158.47	159	0.53	0.56
BBDD0021	DD	299691	6566465	429	267.8	-80	305	46.6	47	0.4	0.79
								78	79	1	4.53

Hole_ID	Hole Type	East	North	RL	Depth (m)	Dip	Azimuth	From (m)	To (m)	Significant Intercepts	
										Gold (>0.5g/t)	
										Interval (m)	Grade (g/t)
								109.7	111	1.3	0.54
								113	114	1	0.72
								120	121	1	0.69
								124	125	1	1.24
								140	140.8	0.8	1.34
								145.3	152	6.7	0.77
								155	156	1	1.33
								159.45	159.73	0.28	1.32
								169	170	1	0.85
								177	179	2	1.91
								227	231.86	4.86	4.87
								236.17	246.41	10.24	18.5
								inc. 2.8m @ 63.66 g/t Au from 241.81m			
								inc. 0.2m @ 629 g/t Au from 244.09m			
								249.07	254	4.93	0.63
BBDD0022	DD	299633	6567030	432	279.7	-60	90	Assays pending			
BBDD0023	DD	300002	6564651	422	150.7	-85	45	Assays pending			
BBDD0024	DD	300190	6564306	418	111.8	-60	45	49	64.4	15.4	0.73
								70	70.93	0.93	0.52
BBDD0025	DD	299100	6566430	448	307	-60	90	Assays pending			
BBDD0026	DD	305405	6563098	427	122.18	-60	350	95.29	96.08	0.79	1.99
								107.63	108.12	0.49	0.68
								110.32	111	0.68	0.56
BBDD0027	DD	300061	6571020	435	98.6	-60	90	5.85	6.62	0.77	0.53
								38	49	11	0.81
								55	55.6	0.6	1.44
								56.6	58.2	1.6	0.71
								65	66	1	0.81
								74	81.97	7.97	0.86
								Assays pending			
BBDD0028	DD	299950	6568580	454	255.8	-60	90	Assays pending			
BBDD0029	DD	300043	6568268	450	174.9	-60	90	28.7	29	0.3	0.62
								36.5	37	0.5	0.59
								42.5	43	0.5	0.91
								60.8	66.3	5.5	1.76
								71	71.9	0.9	1.13
								90	93	3	1.77
								inc. 0.3m @ 11.8 g/t Au from 90m			
								124	129.55	5.55	0.76
								157.67	158.52	0.85	0.99
BBDD0030	DD	299893	6567385	435	183.9	-70	90	Assays pending			

Hole_ID	Hole Type	East	North	RL	Depth (m)	Dip	Azimuth	From (m)	To (m)	Significant Intercepts	
										Gold (>0.5g/t)	
										Interval (m)	Grade (g/t)
BBDD0031	DD	299624	6564680	424	393.4	-60	90			Assays pending	
BBDD0032	DD	299606	6565599	424	141.2	-60	90			Assays pending	
BBDD0033	DD	299799	6567030	432	169	-60	90			Assays pending	
BBDD0036	DD	299391	6566080	432	336.8	-60	90			Assays pending	
BBDD0037	DD	299836	6565889	423	160	-70	90			Assays pending	
BBDD0038	DD	299735	6566528	429	204.1	-65	90			Assays pending	
BBDD0039	DD	299452	6567479	434	387.7	-60	90			Assays pending	
BBDD0040	DD	299832	6564687	420	68.3	-60	90			Assays pending	
BBDD0041	DD	300105	6563999	417	399.4	-60	45			Assays pending	
BBDD0050	DD	300114	6566901	434	147	-60	90			Assays pending	

Appendix 2 – Bullabulling Project – JORC Code 2012 Table 1 Criteria

The table below summarises the assessment and reporting criteria used for the Bullabulling Project and reflects the guidelines in Table 1 of *The Australasian Code for the Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves* (the JORC Code, 2012).

Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Sampling techniques	<p><i>Nature and quality of sampling (eg cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling.</i></p> <p><i>Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used.</i></p> <p><i>Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report.</i></p> <p><i>In cases where 'industry standard' work has been done this would be relatively simple (eg 'reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay'). In other cases more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (eg submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information.</i></p>	<p>The Bullabulling Mineral Resource estimate is based on 5,530 reverse circulation (RC) drillholes for 335,717 m, 74 diamond core (DD) drillholes for 8,107 m and 27 RC pre-collars with DD tails (RC_DD) for 3,668 m drilled between 1985 and 2023 by various companies. Drilling by Minerals 260 post-dates the resource estimate.</p> <p>Minerals 260 Limited</p> <p>RC samples were collected by the metre from the drill rig in calico bags via a cone splitter with a bulk coarse reject sample collected in buckets and poured on the ground.</p> <p>2–5 kg samples were collected from each metre of RC drilling with samples typically dry. Rock chips for logging were obtained by sieving a large scoop from each bag. Washed chips were placed into appropriately labelled chip trays.</p> <p>Cyclones regularly cleaned to remove hung-up clays and avoid cross-sample contamination. The coarse reject samples were weighed in small campaigns only, and the weight recorded in an Excel spreadsheet which was later entered into the database. Calico weights are recorded at the laboratory.</p> <p>Diamond core (HQ, NQ and PQ) sampled in intervals of ~1.0 m (with a minimum of 0.3 m) where possible, otherwise intervals less than 1.0 m selected based on geological boundaries.</p> <p>Drill core samples were typically half HQ and NQ. PQ core was reserved for metallurgical sampling. Samples of approximately 10 cm length were selected by the geologist and subject to bulk density measurements using the water displacement method.</p> <p>The core was cut in half parallel to the orientation mark, with one half retained and the other half sent to the laboratory for analysis.</p> <p>For RC and DD samples, entire samples were oven dried for 24 hours, weighed and pulverised with 85% <75µm. If the primary sample was larger than 3 kg it was split prior to pulverising. A 50 g charge is collected and subject to fire assay (Au-AA26) and analysed for gold using atomic absorption spectrometry (AAS).</p> <p>Portable x-ray fluorescence (pXRF) determinations were performed to verify litho-geochemistry only using a Olympus Vanta portable analyser, which was regularly calibrated.</p> <p>All collars are initially collected via handheld GPS, with a surveyor to be commissioned to collect final coordinates via a differential global positioning system (GPS) (accuracy ±0.1 m).</p> <p>Bullabulling Gold Limited (Bullabulling Gold)</p> <p>Sampling techniques are as per Minerals 260, other than the below:</p> <p>RC samples coarse reject sample collected in plastic mining bags. The coarse reject samples were weighed, and the weight recorded in a field book which was later entered into the database.</p> <p>Magnetic susceptibility was measured using a model KT-10 portable magnetic susceptibility meter with readings taken at 1 m intervals.</p> <p>Portable x-ray fluorescence (pXRF) determinations were</p>

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
		<p>performed to verify litho-geochemistry only using a PAS XL3t 950s GOLDD+ portable analyser, which was regularly calibrated.</p> <p>All collars surveyed by Fugro Spatial Solutions or ABIMS by differential global positioning system (GPS) (accuracy ± 0.1 m).</p> <p>Historical (pre-2000)</p> <p>Similar sampling practices with a riffle splitter utilised for RC sampling.</p> <p>No information is available on the sample preparation practices.</p> <p>Gold analysis was by a mixture of methods (fire assay and acid digest, acid digest only and bottle roll), followed by AAS finish.</p>
Drilling techniques	<i>Drill type (eg core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc) and details (eg core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc).</i>	<p>Drilling techniques from 1974 to 2025 includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aircore (AC) – standard 3.5" AC drill bit • Rotary air blast (RAB) – standard 4.25" drill bit • RC – 5.5" with face sampling hammer • NQ2 DD core, standard tube • HQ3 DD core, standard tube • PQ3 DD core, standard tube. <p>AC and RAB holes were used to inform geological interpretations only in the resource estimate where appropriate data was available.</p> <p>The drilling was typically aligned at -60° to the east, which is appropriate given the strike and dip of the mineralisation. The bulk of the drilling is RC with DD holes completed for bulk density determinations and metallurgical testing.</p> <p>Holes were drilled on a nominal 35 m x 75 m grid spacing historically, with 40m x 40m by Minerals 260. RC drillholes range in depth from 1 m to 348 m, averaging 59 m. Bullabulling Gold DD holes range in depth from 136 m to 573.5 m, averaging 355 m.</p> <p>DD holes were drilled directly from surface or from base of RC pre-collars. All Bullabulling Gold, DD core was oriented where possible using an ACT REFLEX (ACT II RD) tool. All Minerals 260 DD core is oriented with an Axis orientation tool. It is unknown how historical drill core was oriented and is assumed to be to industry standards.</p>
Drill sample recovery	<i>Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed.</i>	<p>Sample recoveries for Bullabulling Gold's and Minerals 260's RC drilling is visually estimated and recorded for each metre in Micromine Field Marshal (Bullabulling Gold) and validated Excel logging software (Minerals 260).</p> <p>Analysis of historical results yielded an average recovery of 97%.</p> <p>For DD core, recovery was measured and recorded for every metre in Micromine Field Marshal software (Bullabulling Gold) or validated Excel sheets (Minerals 260).</p> <p>Diamond core recoveries averaged 99% for historical core.</p>
	<i>Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples.</i>	<p>There is no recovery information available for the historical drilling.</p> <p>Minerals 260</p> <p>RC drill collars were sealed to prevent sample loss and holes were normally drilled dry to prevent poor recoveries and contamination caused by water ingress.</p> <p>For DD drillholes, core blocks were inserted in sections where core loss has occurred. This was recorded on the block and</p>

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
		during the logging process and with photography of wet core.
	<i>Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material.</i>	No relationship between sample recovery and grade was noted.
Logging	<i>Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies.</i>	For RC drilling, geological logging was undertaken on chip samples at 1 m intervals with lithology, oxidation strength, mineralogy, grainsize, texture, colour, vein infill and percentage, metal sulphide percentage and alteration type and strength recorded. Geological logging, structural measurements, rock-quality designation (RQD) and recovery measurements were carried out on DD core. DD core was photographed wet and dry. XRF determinations of lithophile elements nickel and chromium were utilised to confirm the visual identification of ultramafic or komatiitic units (Bullabulling Gold only).
	<i>Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography.</i>	The logging was quantitative, based on visual field estimates
	<i>The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged.</i>	All holes were logged from start to finish and all logging was done with sufficient detail to meet the requirements of resource estimation and mining studies.
Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation	<i>If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken.</i>	DD core sample lengths were adjusted so that they did not cross lithological boundaries with ~1 m sample intervals ideally used. Samples are collected from half core cut using an onsite diamond saw. The remaining half core was stored as a library sample.
	<i>If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and whether sampled wet or dry.</i>	Non-core samples were collected as 1 m samples. RC samples were collected using a cone splitter (Bullabulling Gold and Minerals 260) or riffle splitter (historical) to cut the sample stream and produce a 2–5 kg sample.
	<i>For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique.</i>	Sample preparation followed industry best practice standards and was conducted by internationally recognised laboratories including ALS (2025-current), Amdel, Jinning, Genalysis (2010-2014) and A.C.E. Laboratories Kalgoorlie and Broken Hill Minerals Southern Cross laboratory (pre-2010). Sample preparation included oven drying, jaw crushing and pulverising to 80% passing 75 µm.
	<i>Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples.</i>	Field duplicates were collected at a rate of 1 in 20 on average. A proportion of pulp duplicates were re- submitted for assay and then assayed by an umpire laboratory. Subsampling is performed during the preparation stage according to the laboratory's internal protocols.
	<i>Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling.</i>	Measures taken to ensure representative drill samples included: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Regular cleaning of cyclones and sampling equipment to prevent contamination • Statistical comparison of field and laboratory duplicates, standards and blanks • Statistical comparison of anomalous composite assays versus average of follow up 1 m assays.
	<i>Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled.</i>	The entire sample (2–5 kg) was submitted to the laboratory consistent with industry standards.
Quality of assay data and laboratory tests	<i>The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total.</i>	Assay and laboratory procedures were selected following a review of techniques provided by internationally certified laboratories. Historical Pre-1994 samples were analysed for gold at A.C.E. Laboratories using a 24-hour bottle roll cyanide extraction technique with an AAS finish. Residues of all samples with

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
		<p>solution reads greater than 0.4 g/t Au were assayed by Genalysis using the fire assay/AAS technique.</p> <p>Post-1994, samples were sent to Broken Hill Minerals Southern Cross laboratory who used an acid digest/AAS technique with a 0.01 g/t Au detection limit.</p> <p>Bullabulling Gold</p> <p>From June 2010 to December 2012, samples were assayed for gold at ALS facilities by the fire assay method (50 g charge 0.01 g/t Au detection limit).</p> <p>RC samples from five pre-collars in the first DD drilling program (June to August 2010) were assayed at ALS using by fire assay (30 g charge 0.002 g/t Au detection limit) and half core samples by fire assay (30 g charge 0.01 g/t Au detection limit). Solutions from samples assaying >10 g/t Au were diluted and reanalysed using method Au-DIL (Au overlimit by dilution).</p> <p>The final gold assay was selected in priority of Au-DIL then 50 g charge then 30 g charge.</p> <p>From January 2013 to April 2014, samples were assayed for gold at the Bureau Veritas laboratory in Kalgoorlie laboratory using a 40 g charge (0.01 g/t Au detection limit).</p> <p>The assay techniques used are total.</p> <p>Minerals 260</p> <p>From April 2025, samples were assayed for gold at ALS facilities by the fire assay method (50 g charge 0.01 g/t Au detection limit), with ME-ICP61 and four acid digest for 34 elements:</p> <p>Ag, Al, As, Ba, Be, Bi, Ca, Cd, Co, Cr, Cu, Fe, Ga, K, La, Li, Mg, Mn, Mo, Na, Ni, P, Pb, S, Sb, Sc, Sr, Th, Ti, Tl, U, V, W, Zn.</p>
	<i>For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc.</i>	<p>Bullabulling Gold performed XRF determinations to verify litho-geochemistry using a PAS XL3t 950s GOLDD+ handheld XRF (pXRF). The pXRF readings were not representative of grade intervals and are not reported.</p> <p>Minerals 260 use an Olympus Vanta pXRF to assist with litho-geochemistry. The pXRF readings were not representative of grade intervals and are not reported.</p>
	<i>Nature of quality control procedures adopted (eg standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (ie lack of bias) and precision have been established</i>	<p>Historical</p> <p>Bullabulling Gold inserted field duplicates at a rate of 1 in 20 samples on average. A proportion of pulp duplicates were re-submitted for assay including assay by an umpire laboratory.</p> <p>Laboratory standards checked for accuracy and precision.</p> <p>No information is available on the historical quality control procedures and is assumed to be done to industry standards.</p> <p>Minerals 260</p> <p>QAQC samples are inserted 1:10 samples, with a combination of blanks, certified reference materials and field duplicates. QAQC results are analysed monthly to ensure there is no bias in samples.</p>
Verification of sampling and assaying	<i>The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel.</i>	Intersections were peer reviewed in-house.
	<i>The use of twinned holes.</i>	No twin holes were drilled.
	<i>Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols.</i>	<p>Historical</p> <p>All Bullabulling Gold field data was manually collected, entered into Micromine Field Marshall software, validated in Micromine, and loaded into a commercial database (GBIS). All electronic data was routinely backed up. Data was exported as csv files for processing by several different</p>

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
		<p>software packages.</p> <p>No information is available on the historical data management and is assumed to be done to industry standards.</p> <p>Minerals 260</p> <p>Data is collected and entered into validated Excel spreadsheets, validated in Micromine, and loaded into an MX Deposit database where additional checks are performed by an external contractor. Data is exported as an Access database to use in various software packages.</p>
	<i>Discuss any adjustment to assay data.</i>	There was no requirement to adjust assay data.
Location of data points	<p><i>Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation.</i></p> <p><i>Specification of the grid system used</i></p> <p><i>Quality and adequacy of topographic control.</i></p>	<p>The local mine grid was based on AMG Zone 51 coordinates up until 2014. From 2015 onwards GDA94/MGA Zone 51 was used including for the resource estimate. Nominal RLs based on regional topographic datasets were used initially; however, these were updated as differential GPS coordinates were collected.</p> <p>Bullabulling Gold</p> <p>All collars were surveyed by Fugro Spatial Solutions or ABIMS by differential GPS (accuracy $\pm 0.1\text{m}$). A campaign of differential GPS surveys of surviving historical collars was undertaken by Fugro and results compared with the inherited database. Results indicated that the location data for historical drilling is accurate.</p> <p>Almost all drilling was subject to gyroscopic survey. No downhole surveys were undertaken on vertical holes.</p> <p>From January 2011 to April 2014, continuous downhole surveys were performed mainly in-rod by gyroscopic technique on the bulk of RC drillholes (85%). A proportion (13%) were surveyed down open hole. 24 holes where downhole surveys were unable to be performed relied on collar survey data for downhole traces.</p> <p>Historical</p> <p>Very few of the historical RC drillholes have downhole surveys and therefore rely on collar information.</p> <p>Historical DD holes have downhole survey information based on Eastman camera surveys, with minimal hole deviation noted.</p> <p>Collar surveys were completed by Spectrum Surveys and Datum Surveys using an unknown survey instrument. Coordinates were resurveyed to ensure accuracy, with Datum Survey data given preference, where available.</p> <p>Minerals 260</p> <p>All collars are initially surveyed with handheld GPS (accuracy $\pm 5\text{m}$), with all drill collars to be picked up by an external surveyor using a differential GPS. Coordinates are collected in GDA94/MGA Zone 51.</p> <p>Downhole surveys for all holes are conducted with a True North Seeking Gyro, which is regularly calibrated.</p>
Data spacing and distribution	<i>Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results.</i>	<p>Historical</p> <p>Drilling of the main 7 km north-south Bullabulling mineralised trend was completed along a set of east-west trending sections. The section spacing typically ranges from 20 m x 20 m apart to 35 m x 75 m apart. Preliminary drilling of the northwest-southeast oriented portion of the mineralised trend over a strike length of 2 km was undertaken on east-west sections.</p> <p>From January 2013, infill drilling of the northwest-southeast oriented trend along the Kraken areas was completed on northeast-southwest trending sections orthogonal to the mineralised trend. Section spacing was maintained at 35 m x 75 m.</p>

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
		<p>Areas were classified as Indicated where there is infill drilling at 20–40 m along strike and 20 m on section and where the geological and grade continuity are robust. Areas with drill spacing 40–80 m along strike and/or along section were classified as Inferred. All laterite material was set to Inferred as the drilling is predominantly historical.</p> <p>Minerals 260</p> <p>Infill and step out drilling is conducted at 40m along section and 40 to 50m along strike. Exploration holes are completed on an 160 x 160m spacing initially, with infill holes drilled pending results.</p>
	<i>Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied.</i>	<p>The section spacing is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity necessary to support the resource classifications applied.</p> <p>The spacing of holes is considered of sufficient density to provide an “Indicated” or “Inferred” classification under the JORC Code (2012).</p>
	<i>Whether sample compositing has been applied.</i>	<p>Historical</p> <p>No sample compositing was applied to historical drilling.</p> <p>Minerals 260</p> <p>For intervals deemed to have a low potential of mineralisation based on surrounding data, samples are composited to 4m samples with the 1m samples retained. Samples are scooped off the drill pad and placed into a calico. If results are anomalous, the 1m samples are sent for analysis.</p>
Orientation of data in relation to geological structure	<i>Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type.</i>	<p>Drilling was angled typically at -60° to achieve the most representative intersections through mineralisation.</p>
	<i>If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material.</i>	<p>Drilling is typically oriented perpendicular to the interpreted strike of the geology and no bias is envisaged.</p> <p>No sampling bias was observed.</p>
Sample security	<i>The measures taken to ensure sample security.</i>	<p>Historical</p> <p>Bullabulling Gold's RC and DD core samples were collected from drill site and delivered by the company to either to ALS or Amdel in Kalgoorlie following standard chain of custody procedures.</p> <p>Core prepared for metallurgical testwork was stored at site and then freighted to ALS' metallurgical facility in Perth. Pulp samples are boxed and stored at site in locked sea containers.</p> <p>There is no available information on the historical sample security which is assumed to be done to industry standards.</p> <p>Minerals 260</p> <p>RC and DD core samples were collected from drill site and delivered by freight company to ALS in Perth following standard chain of custody procedures.</p>
Audits or reviews	<i>The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data.</i>	<p>In late 2011, a review of the ALS assay data was undertaken by contractor RSC who made a number of recommendations to improve laboratory practices. Following the review, the quality of the quality control samples submitted by Bullabulling Gold improved.</p> <p>In March 2025, an audit of ALS, Perth was conducted by Minerals 260 geologists to view laboratory practices and cleanliness. No issues were observed.</p>

Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Mineral tenement and land tenure status	<p>Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings.</p> <p>The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area.</p>	<p>The Bullabulling Project comprises 11 granted Mining Leases (M15/1414, M15/282, M15/483, M15/503, M15/529, M15/552, M15/554, M15/1878, M15/1879, M15/1880, M15/1881). 2 granted Exploration Licences (E15/1392 & E15/1485). 6 Exploration Licence Applications (E15/2111, E15/2112, E15/2113, E15/2114, E15/2117, E15/2118). 16 granted General Purpose Leases (G15/47, G15/30, G15/31, G15/32, G15/33, G15/34, G15/35, G15/36, G15/37, G15/38, G15/39, G15/40, G15/41, G15/42, G15/44, G15/45). 1 General Purpose Lease Application (G15/49). 18 granted Miscellaneous Licences (L15/156, L15/157, L15/158, L15/196, L15/206, L15/218, L15/222, L15/328, L15/330, L15/331, L15/332, L15/333, L15/334, L15/335, L15/336, L15/339, L15/358, L15/357). 1 Miscellaneous License Application (L15/359). 8 granted Prospecting Licences (P15/6062, P15/6208, P15/6209, P15/6210, P15/6211, P15/6212, P15/6213, P15/6618). 3 Prospecting Licence Applications (P15/6971, P15/6972, P15/6973). 26 Prospecting Licences subject to an option agreement (P15/6427, P15/6474 to P15/6492, P15/6559 to P15/6264).</p> <p>The tenement package forms a contiguous, ~571 km² area located ~65 km southwest of Kalgoorlie, Western Australia.</p> <p>The 26 Prospecting Licences subject to an option agreement are held by Belararox Limited (P15/6427, P15/6474, P15/6475, P15/6476, P15/6477, P15/6478, P15/6479, P15/6480, P15/6481, P15/6482, P15/6483, P15/6484, P15/6485, P15/6486, P15/6487, P15/6488, P15/6489, P15/6490, P15/6491, P15/6492, P15/6559, P15/6560, P15/6561, P15/6562, P15/6563 and P15/6564).</p> <p>All other tenements are 100%-owned by Bullabulling Operations Pty Ltd (BOPL), Bullabulling Gold Pty Ltd and Minerals 260 Holdings Pty Ltd, which are wholly owned subsidiaries of Minerals 260 Limited.</p> <p>Several tenements are subject to royalties:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Franco Nevada Australia Pty Ltd – 1% gross royalty on all gold produced from M15/282, M15/552 and M15/554 • Vox Royalty Australia Pty Ltd – A\$10/fine ounce (or fine ounce equivalent) of gold produced (post the first 100,000 ounces produced) on M15/503 and M15/1414. <p>The Bullabulling Project is largely contained within the Bullabulling Pastoral Lease owned by Bullabulling Operations Pty Ltd. Bullabulling Operations Pty Ltd has agreed to transfer the Bullabulling Pastoral Lease to Norton Gold Fields Pty Ltd. Subject to obtaining relevant approvals, Norton Gold Fields Pty Ltd is the beneficial holder of the Bullabulling Pastoral Lease. An Access and Compensation Deed has been executed with Norton Gold Fields Pty Ltd providing permission to access to the Bullabulling Pastoral Lease on completion of the transfer</p> <p>Bullabulling Operations Pty Ltd and Bullabulling Gold Pty Ltd has a Native Title Land Use Agreement in place.</p>
	<p>The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area.</p>	<p>All granted licences are currently in good standing.</p>
Exploration done by other parties	Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties.	<p>Ownership of the Bullabulling Project has changed several times since initial exploration work in the early 1970s. The major work phases included:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Western Mining Corporation from 1974 to 1982: 150 RC holes were drilled to the north of the current Phoenix pit.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Valiant Consolidated Ltd and Hill Minerals NL joint venture in 1985. Work included magnetic surveys, soil sampling and RC and RAB drilling which led to the discovery of the Bacchus deposit. Central Kalgoorlie Gold Mines NL explored the area north and south of the Great Eastern Highway at the same time focusing on the laterite gold mineralisation. Drilling confirmed the presence of lateritic and primary mineralisation and the existence of the Phoenix deposit. Samantha Gold NL purchased the project in 1993. The drilling database at the time consisted of 6,500 auger, RAB, AC, RC and DD holes. Samantha continued RC drilling focusing on the Bacchus and Phoenix areas. Samantha Gold became Resolute Samantha Limited and then Resolute Limited in 1996. Open pit mining commenced in 1995 and focused on the Bacchus and Phoenix areas. Small pits were also developed in the Hobbit and Dicksons areas exploiting supergene mineralisation. In 2002, Jervois Mining Limited acquired the project from Resolute and commenced a small heap leach operation. Jervois Mining Limited sold the project to Auzex Resources Limited in February 2010. Ongoing exploration was carried out under a joint venture with GGG Resources Plc. By February 2012, 696 holes (mostly RC) totalling 114,259 m had been drilled. Bullabulling Gold Limited was formed in April 2012 following GGG Resources purchase of Auzex Resources 50% interest in the project. A further 69 holes for 10,816 m of mostly RC drilling had been completed by April 2013 including resource updates in 2012 and 2013 and a prefeasibility study in 2013. In September 2014, Norton Gold Fields ("Norton") completed a takeover of Bullabulling Gold who in turn was acquired by Zijin Mining Group Co. Ltd in May 2015. Additional exploration and metallurgical drilling and testwork was completed along with a Mineral Resource update, mining studies and environmental surveys.
Geology	<i>Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation.</i>	<p>The Bullabulling project is located within the Coolgardie Domain of the Kalgoorlie Terrane in the Archaean Yilgarn Craton of Western Australia.</p> <p>The greenstone sequences within Coolgardie Domain are bounded by the Zuleika Shear to the east and the Ida Fault to the west. The Kunanalling Shear Zone passes through the middle of the domain.</p> <p>The domain comprises a series of north-south striking mafic, ultramafic, felsic volcanic and sedimentary rocks which are extensively metamorphosed from multiple deformation phases ranging from greenschist to amphibolite facies metamorphism. The stratigraphy is generally dipping 30–40° to the west and is cut by numerous pegmatite/aplite dykes and sills. Variations in dip occur due to folding and occasional faulting.</p> <p>Gold mineralisation is hosted in a continuous sequence of amphibolite which strikes over approximately 8 km. The amphibolites range from hornblende-rich to quartz-rich and overlie an ultramafic basement.</p> <p>The Bullabulling trend is typified by a network of ductile high strain zones and folds that broadly parallel the stratigraphy and are the result of multiple deformation events. The structures have allowed fluid flow into the amphibolite sequence resulting in the deposition and remobilisation of gold.</p>

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Drill hole Information	<p>A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> easting and northing of the drill hole collar elevation or RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar dip and azimuth of the hole down hole length and interception depth hole length. 	Provided in Appendix 1
Data aggregation methods	<p>In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (eg cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated.</p> <p>Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high grade results and longer lengths of low grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail.</p> <p>The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated.</p>	<p>Drilling assays have been composited using a weighted average of gold grades, with a 0.5g/t Au cut-off. No top cuts have been applied to grades. The resource cut-off is 0.5g/t Au.</p> <p>Shorter intercepts with higher grades have been reported provided the grade (g/t Au) x thickness (m) is equal or greater than 1.</p> <p>N/A</p>
Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths	<p>These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results.</p> <p>If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported.</p> <p>If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (eg 'down hole length, true width not known').</p>	<p>The Bullabulling mineralisation parallels the stratigraphy where it dips at between 15° and 60° towards the west, averaging around 30°. Southeast of Kraken, the mineralisation is oriented about an open fold with the stratigraphy and strikes northwest-southeast with mineralisation dipping between 30° and 45° to the southwest.</p> <p>Drilling has been completed perpendicular to mineralisation with most holes orientated to the east and dipping at -60°.</p> <p>The true thickness of mineralisation is estimated at between 85% and 95% of the reported drillhole intercepts, unless otherwise stated.</p>
Diagrams	<p>Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported. These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views.</p>	Refer to Figures in body of the announcement.
Balanced reporting	<p>Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results.</p>	All RC and diamond drilling results by Minerals 260 for the Bullabulling project have been reported in Appendix 1.
Other substantive exploration data	<p>Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances.</p>	All other substantive exploration data is reported in this announcement.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Further work	<i>The nature and scale of planned further work (eg tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling).</i>	Mineral 260' has the following activities planned for 2025: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• RC and DD infill and extensional drilling at main deposit areas.• Initial testing of regional targets.• Sterilisation drilling• Water bore drilling.• Geotechnical and metallurgical drilling and testwork.• Heritage and environmental surveys.• Auger drilling